

# **DECISION FORM**

## Fred Quercy (Spain)

PARTICULARS OF OFFENCE			
Player's Name	Fred Quercy SPA#8		
Player's Union	Spanish Rugby Union (FER)		
Match	Romania v Spain		
Competition	2021 Rugby Europe Men XV Championship		
Date of match	March 20 <sup>th</sup> 2021 – KO 13:45 CET		
Match Venue	Ghencea Complex - Romania		
Rules to apply	Rugby Europe Disciplinary Regulations and World Rugby Regulations		
Referee Name	Nika Amashukeli (GRU –	Plea	🛛 Admitted
	Georgia)		Not admitted
Offence	Law 9.12	🛛 Red card	
	A player must not	🗌 Citing	
physically or verbally abuse anyone.	🗆 Other		
	abuse allyolie.	If "Other" seled	cted, please specify:

HEARING DETAILS		-	
Hearing date	March 24 <sup>th</sup> 2021 at 17:00	Hearing venue	Video Conference
	CET		Teams
Chairperson/JO	Matthew O'Grady (England)		
Other Members of	Sarah Smith (Scotland)		
the Disciplinary Panel	Dany Roelands (Belgium)		
Appearance Player	🛛 Yes 🗆 No	Appearance Union	🛛 Yes 🗆 No
Player's	Eliseo Patron Costas	Other	Maxime Cotis (Panel
Representative(s)	(General Secretary, Spain	attendees	Secretary)
	Rugby Union)		Palemia Field
			(Observer)
List of documents /	1. Referee's report 20 March 2021		
materials provided to	2. Video clips		
Player in advance of	3. Notice of hearing		
hearing		4. Player's disciplinary record	
	5. Match calendar		
	6. Romania v Spain match sheet		
	7. 'Joker' contract		
	8. 'Disciplinary statement' signed by the Player (written in French		
	and translated into English)		
	9. Player's fixture list		
	10. Emails between Rugby Europe and the Union, including email		
	from Romania Team Docto	or Dr Dan Wanya	

SUMMARY OF ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF CITING/REFEREE'S REPORT/INCIDENT FOOTAGE The referee's report reads:

"In second half (TV time: 55:30) Spanish N8 made clear striking with his knee to the opponent face (sic). After checking on the monitor it was clear deliberate and reckless foul play and therefore a red card."

### ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF OTHER EVIDENCE (e.g. medical reports)

Dr Wanya (Romania doctor) informed the Panel in writing that Romania 14 did not receive treatment for this foul play. Dr Wanya informed the Panel that during the match Romania 14 failed a Head Injury Assessment baseline test and suffered a concussion. The Panel was told that Romania 14 is currently subject to the Return to Play Protocol.

The Panel was referred to the Match Card. It is quite apparent that Romania 14 suffered a head injury event after this foul play and that it was at that point Romania 14 left the field and did not return. Romania 14 continued playing in the match after this foul play.

There was no evidence to establish a causal connection between Spain 8's foul play and Romania 14's concussion, nor that the Spain 8's foul play contributed to the concussion. Accordingly, we put the subsequent concussion out of our minds. The Player was informed of this at the outset of the hearing.

#### SUMMARY OF PLAYER'S EVIDENCE

Spain 8 provided a written statement dated 24 March 2021, which he signed. It was written in French and translated into English. We are mindful that meaning and context can be lost in the translation. In his written statement Spain 8 denied he intended to strike Romania 14 with his knee. He said he wanted to clear the ruck. He said that if a strike had occurred (which it obviously had) then he was sorry. The written statement says, "Nor do we consider the action to be reckless, given the player was participating together with several teammates in a ruck won by Spain." It is written that Spain 8 felt his leg had been hooked or caught and he could not move forwards. It says that Spain 8 believed he had been grabbed and pulled his leg to secure its release and in doing so connected with the Romanian player "indirectly and without force".

In his evidence at the hearing Spain 8 said he arrived at the ruck and could see the ball was slow. He said he felt his leg was stuck or held. Spain 8 said he swung with his leg to help make the ball available and in doing so that leg fell on top of a team mate and impacted on Romania 14's head. Spain 8 said he was not aware in that moment that he had hit Romania 14, the ball emerged and he played on. Spain 8 said that when he arrived at the ruck all he could see was his team mate's body. He went on to say he thought that Romania 14's arm was blocking the ball. Spain 8 said he could not see where Romania 14's head was and the movement of his leg was to free the ball. Spain 8 was taken through the video images. When shown the video of his right hand he did not initially accept it was on the Romania 14's head. Instead,

he said it was behind the Romania player's head and between his team mates. Spain 8 denied in terms that his hand was touching the Romania 14's head. When asked if his hand was pushing Romania 14's head downwards Spain 8 said that he could not deny his hand was touching Romania 14's head. He said he was arriving to the breakdown at speed and that might have happened. If he had pushed Romania 14's head then he said that was not voluntary and he was not conscious of it at the time. Spain 8 said he could not recall what he was looking at and his eyes might have been closed. He could not see the ball. Spain 8 said he could not see Romania 14's head. Spain 8 said his intention was to use his knee to stop the ball being blocked.

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### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

- 1. Spain 15 carried the ball into contact and was tackled.
- 2. A ruck was formed. Spain 14 and Romania 14 were participants in that ruck.



3. Spain 1 and Spain 8 joined the ruck.



4. When Spain 1 and Spain 8 joined the ruck Romania 14 lost his footing.

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- 5. Romania 14 was horizontal within the ruck on top of a Spain player.
- 6. Spain players were on top of Romania 14.
- 7. Both of Romania 14's feet were off the ground.



8. Romania 14's left hand was touching the ground helping to support his body weight.

- 9. Romania 14's right hand and arm were trapped.
- 10. Spain 8's right hand was in contact with Romania 14's head.
- 11. Spain 8's right hand applied downwards pressure on Romania 14's head.



12. Spain 8 lifted his left leg and drove his left knee forwards and down.





13. Spain 8's leg was not held or grabbed.

14. Spain 8's hand was in contact with Romania 14's head until just before his knee connected with Romania 14's head.



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15. Spain 8's left knee made contact with the right side of Romania 14's head.



16. There was force in Spain 8's action.

17. At all material times Spain 8 knew the position of Romania 14's head.

18. Spain 8's actions in striking the head of Romania 14 were deliberate/intentional in that he intended that his knee should make that contact with Romania 14's head. He was not reckless as to that contact occurring.

19. Romania 14 was not injured as a result of this foul play and continued playing after this incident.

#### DECISION

 $\boxtimes$  Proven  $\square$  Not proven  $\square$  Other disposal (please state)

## SANCTIONING PROCESS

#### ASSESSMENT OF SERIOUSNESS

As per Article 4.5 of Rugby Europe Disciplinary Regulations and Regulations 17 of World Rugby

#### Assessment of Intent

 $\boxtimes$  Intentional/deliberate  $\square$  Reckless

#### State Reasons

At all material times Spain 8 knew the position of Romania 14's head because his hand was in contact with it and directing it downwards. Spain 8's hand remained in contact with Romania 14's head until moments before the knee conencted with the head. The Panel did not accept Spain 8's action was a clumsy or reckless attempt to execute an otherwise legitimate action of clearing Romania 14 from the tackle zone.

#### Gravity of player's actions

All foul play towards the head is serious. An intentional and deliberate strike of the head with the knee with force is undoubtedly serious.

Nature of actions

See findings of fact.

#### Existence of provocation

Spain 8 was subject to foul play late in the first half, which was unsanctioned. That foul play was subject to a citing, which was upheld by this Panel. The foul play against Spain 8 was not committed by Romania 14. There was half-time between that foul play and this foul play. Spain 8 did not refer to or rely on that earlier foul play against him as an explanation for his actions.

#### Whether player retaliated

Not applicable.

#### Self-defence

Not applicable.

#### Effect on victim

Romania 14 continued playing after this foul play. He was uninjured. There was no evidence of connection between this foul play and Romania 14 later having to leave the game.

#### Effect on match

The match was stopped for a foul play review by the TMO and treatment of Romania 14.

#### Vulnerability of victim

Romania 14 was in a very vulnerable position. Romania 14 was unable to defend himself from the strike. His feet were off the ground. He was horizontal with players below and on top of him. One arm was trapped and the other was supporting his weight. His head was pushed by Spain 8.

#### Level of participation/premeditation

Spain 8 had the briefest of moments to think about his actions when he applied downwards pressure on Romania 8's head and then chose to lift his knee and strike Romania 14.

#### Conduct completed/attempted

Completed

#### Other features of player's conduct

Not applicable

#### Entry point

□ Top end [] Weeks

⊠ Mid-range 8 Weeks

□ Low-end [] Weeks

\*If Top End, the JO or Panel should identify, if appropriate, an entry point between the Top End and the maximum sanction and provide the reasons for selecting this entry point, below.

### Reasons for selecting Entry Point

Whether the Entry Point should be Top End or Mid-range was very finely balanced.

On the one hand, this was a serious act of foul play. The deliberate and intentional nature of the foul play, the use of the knee, the action being against the head and Romania 14's high level of vulnerability are consistent with a Top End Entry Point being appropriate.

Against those considerations Romania 14 was not injured in any way, he was able to resume playing and this was not an act of foul play with a notable level of premeditation.

On balance, the Panel concluded a Mid-range Entry Point was appropriate.

ADDITIONAL RELEVANT OFF-FIELD AGGRAVATING FACTORS	
As per Article 4.5 of Rugby Europe Disciplinary Regulations and Regulations 17 of World Rugby	
Player's status as an offender of the Laws of the Game	
11.05.19 – 5 weeks (kicking contrary to 9.12)	
2016/17 – 1 week (unknown)	
2014/15 – 1 week (unknown), 2 weeks (unknown)	
2013/14 – 4 weeks (striking, contrary to 9.12)	
Need for deterrence	
Not applicable	
Any other off-field aggravating factors	
Not applicable	

Number of additional weeks: 0

### Summary of reason for number of weeks added:

Not applicable

RELEVANT OFF-FIELD MITIGATING FACTORS	
As per Article 4.5 of Rugby Europe Disciplinary Regulation	s and Regulations 17 of World Rugby
Acknowledgement of guilt and timing	Player's disciplinary record/good character
In his written statement to the Panel the Player	The Player's disciplinary record is
disputed his actions were either intentional or	unsatisfactory (see above), although he has
reckless. To his credit, the Player immediately	not received a disciplinary sanction for 2
accepted his actions justified a red card at the	years.
very start of this hearing. He did not	
acknowledge during the hearing that his	
actions were deliberate/intentional.	
Youth and inexperience of player	Conduct prior to and at hearing
An experienced player aged 29 years old. He	Befitting a player of his experience.
has played rugby for 18 years and professional	
rugby for a large number of years. He has	
played for Montpellier and in the ProD2 for six	

seasons. He has some 15-20 appearances for	
Spain to his name.	
Remorse and timing of remorse	Other off-field mitigation
The Player attempted to apologise through the	When he was at Montpellier the Player
captain of the Romania team.	supporting coaching of junior sides and he
	occasionally assisting his current team's
Whilst the Player conceded his actions justified	junior teams when he can.
a red card, the Panel fundamentally rejected	
his evidence and version of events (both what	
he put in writing and what he told the Panel at	
the hearing). His degree of remorse has to be	
seen in the context in this context.	

Number of weeks deducted: 2

Summary of reason for number of weeks deducted:	
The Player showed a degree of remorse by acknowledging his actions justified a red card. He	
has not committed red card foul play for nearly 2 years.	

# SANCTION

NOTE: Players ordered off or cited by a citing commissioner are provisionally suspended pending the hearing of their case, such suspension should be taken into consideration when sanctioning – RE Discipline Regulations 4.1.4 / 4.4 (or equivalent Tournament rule)

Total sanction	6 weeks
Sanction commences:	Saturday 20 March 2021
Sanction concludes:	Sunday 9 May 2021
Matches/tournaments included in sanction	Week 1: 26 and 27/03/21 – Portugal v Spain and Nevers v US Montalbanaise
	Week 2: 02/04/21 – US Montalbaniase v Carcassonne
	Week 3: 09/04/21 – Soyaux Angoulème v US Montalbanaise
	Week 4: 16/04/21 – Colomiers Rugby v US Montalbanaise
	Week 5: 23/04/21 – US Montalbanaise v Valence Romans
	Week 6: 07/05/21 – Provence Rugby v US Montalbanaise

Costs:	Nil
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Date	24/03/21
Signature (JO or Chairman)	/s/ M O'Grady

NOTE: You have 48 hours from notification of the decision of the chairman/jo to lodge an appeal with the tournament director – RE Discipline Regulations 4.6.2 (or equivalent Tournament rule)